

Shinjuku City provides useful multilingual information such as rules for everyday living and disaster information.



Guide to Living in Shinjuku





Information on Everyday Living



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Shinjuku Start Guide



for Foreign Residents website

Information on Everyday Living



Foreign-language city bulletin Shinjuku News





SNS Foreign-Language Editions



The next issue of Shinjuku News will be published in July 2023. Shinjuku News is available at various public facilities, including the Shinjuku City Office, Shinjuku Multicultural Plaza, Branch Offices and public libraries.

Visit Shinjuku Multicultural Plaza!



Shinjuku Multicultural Plaza

Location: Hygeia 11F, 2-44-1 Kabuki-cho, Shinjuku-ku 160-0021 Inquiries: Tel: 03-5291-5171 Fax: 03-5291-5172

Hours: 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Closed: Second and fourth Wednesdays, and during the yearend/New Year's holidays (December 29 through January 3)



1. Enter through the

front entrance



Shinjuku Multicultural Plaza





The Plaza has various services for foreign residents. Please take advantage of these services!

Foreign Resident Consultation Corner



Do you have any questions about or problems in everyday life? At the Plaza, you can ask for advice on anything, from how to complete procedures at the Shinjuku City Office to even small concerns related to daily life. Instead of worrying all by yourself, please feel free to ask for help.

Languages





Multipurpose Space



This space holds Japanese-language classes and various lectures and events with the theme of international exchange and multicultural living.

Japanese-Language Study Corner

The Japaneselanguage study corner has new books! Come and read them!



There are various teaching materials to help you learn Japanese, as well as books on culture and international exchange. You can use and enjoy this area like a library.

Reference and Information Corner



The center offers various information and reference materials, such as on everyday living that is useful for foreign residents, about lectures and events and Shinjuku City administration, on local municipalities, and about volunteer activities.



4. Go up to the eleventh floor

5. Follow the arrows on the sign

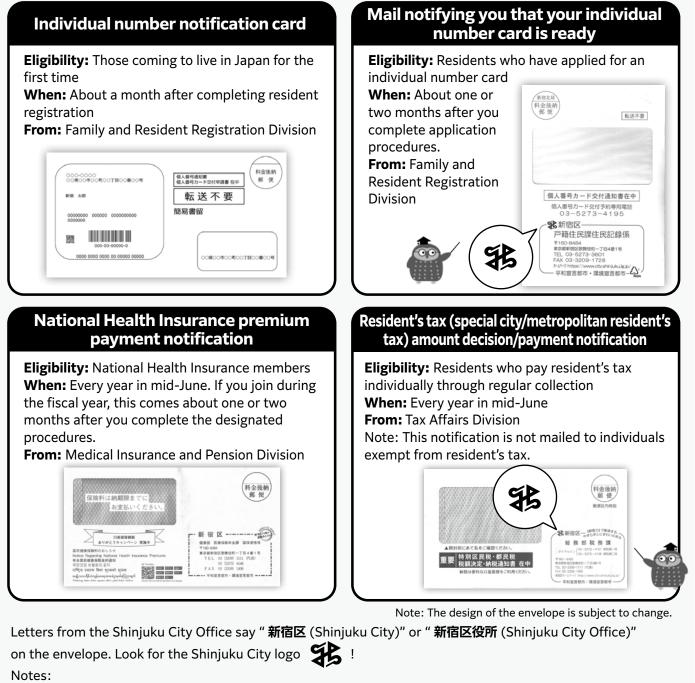
6. You have arrived!



CAUTION Don't Throw Away Your Mail!!

It's spring, the time of year when children start kindergarten or school, and when young adults start new jobs. We imagine that many people are also starting a new life here in Shinjuku. After you complete resident registration at Shinjuku City Office, you will likely receive mail from Shinjuku, such as important notices and invoices.

For example:



- 1. Always open and read these letters! Payment notifications and reminders are particularly important.
- 2. It is smart to have your name written on your mailbox. If it is not, your mail may not reach you.

If you do not understand the letters, please ask for help at the Foreign Resident Advisory Corner or Shinjuku Multicultural Plaza.

Annual Events Japan in 2023 — **Attractive Qualities** of Japanese Culture

Japan has a wide variety of traditional events, customs and festivals. This includes many that have been going on since ancient times as well as customs that began later. In this issue, we'll describe some typical Japanese events.

Hina Matsuri (Doll Festival)—March 3 (Fri.)

This is a festival that features prayers for the happy growth of girls. People with daughters decorate their homes with dolls clad in kimono, and families enjoy eating hina-arare and chirashizushi.



Hina-arare are small. colorful. sweet rice crackers



Chirashizushi is a type of sushi with vinegared rice and various toppings



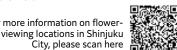
Shinjuku Multicultural Plaza exhibits a seven-tier hina doll display. Note: Please read more about Shinjuku Multicultural Plaza on page 2.



Hanami (Flower Viewing) —Late March through Early April

Especially when cherry blossoms bloom, people go flower-viewing in various parts of Japan. Shinjuku Chuo Park and Shinjuku Gyoen National Garden are famous flower-viewing spots that many people visit.

For more information on flower-





Tango-no Sekku

(Boy's Day)-May 5 (Fri.) This event features prayers for the good health and growth of boys. People with sons decorate their homes with yoroikabuto armor and koinobori carp streamers.



Kashiwamochi is the special Japanese confection for Tango-no Sekku

Omisoka

(New Year's Eve)

—December 31 (Sun.)



Otsukimi (Moon-viewing)-Autumn

Otsukimi is an event in which people enjoy looking at the beautiful moon. The odango (dumplings) offered during otsukimi represent prayers for good health and happiness.



is a Japanese custom that has been practiced since long ago.

December 31 is known as omisoka

in Japanese. Eating toshikoshi soba

(New Year's Eve buckwheat noodles)



Toshikoshi soba symbolizes prayers for good health, long life and financial prosperity.



Tanabata (Star Festival)—July 7 (Fri.)

Tanabata is celebrated as the only day when the stars Hikoboshi (Altair) and Orihime (Vega), who are usually separated by the Milky Way, are able to meet. It is also said that your wish will come true if you write it on a tanzaku (paper strip) decoration hung on bamboo trees.

Oshogatsu

Kagamimochi

(New Year's Day) -January 1 (Mon.) On New Year's Day, people display kagamimochi rice cakes and eat osechiryori New Year's food.





If you plan to go outdoors, be sure to practice COVID countermeasures, such as wearing a mask and washing your hands thoroughly.